

## Course Descriptions NonDegree 2019-2020

Course Title	Ethics, organisations and Society																
Course Code	EBC2081																
ECTS Credits	6,5																
Assessment	None																
Period	<table><tr><th>Period</th><th>Start</th><th>End</th><th>Mon</th><th>Tue</th><th>Wed</th><th>Thu</th><th>Fri</th></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>14-4-2020</td><td>5-6-2020</td><td></td><td>X</td><td></td><td></td><td>X</td></tr></table>	Period	Start	End	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	5	14-4-2020	5-6-2020		X			X
Period	Start	End	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri										
5	14-4-2020	5-6-2020		X			X										
Level	Intermediate																
Coordinator	Nick Sutton For more information:n.sutton@maastrichtuniversity.nl																
Language of instruction	English																
Goals	The core of an ethics course is to confront students with ethical and responsibility dilemmas that they have to study, reflect on and discuss in small groups. Ethics is characterised by a discourse on moral values, norms and standards and the decision-making on the basis of sound argumentation. Students who have completed the course have mastered the core insights of business ethics theory and corporate responsibility.																
Description	<p>A major fraud case</p> <p>On 29 June 2009 Bernard Madoff was convicted for fraud and sentenced to 150 years in prison. He had turned his wealth management business into a massive Ponzi scheme. As a result, Madoff's clients lost US\$ 65 billion. Madoff pleaded guilty and apologized to his victims, saying, "I have left a legacy of shame, as some of my victims have pointed out, to my family and my grandchildren. This is something I will live in for the rest of my life. I'm sorry."</p> <p>You do not need a cause in ethics and corporate responsibility to know that what Madoff did was wrong. You simply have a look at our legal system – or nearly every other legal system in the world – and you will find that fraud is illegal. The fact that it takes place – and sometimes, in the case of bribery and corruption is even condoned by those in power – does not mean that it is legit. More interesting than the obvious felony committed by Madoff are, therefore, those cases where the law is not clear, but where there might be something fishy about the actions and behaviour of a person or an organisation's.</p> <p>Take Goldman Sachs and its actions that contributed to the 2008 financial crisis. US senator Carl Levin – who chaired the US Senate's Permanent Committee on Investigations – asked for a legal investigation arguing that Goldman 'used net short positions to benefit from the downturn in the mortgage market, and designed, marketed, and sold CDOs [Collateralised Debt Obligations – a structured financial product – HH] in ways that created conflicts of interest with the firm's clients and at times led to the bank's profiting from the same products that caused substantial losses for its clients.' The US Department of Justice decided not to prosecute Goldman for its behaviour. According to the department 'the burden of proof to bring a criminal case could not be met based on the law and facts as they exist at this time'. Goldman was cleared from legal prosecution, but is it also cleared from a moral point of view? This is the moment when ethics comes in.</p> <p>Need for ethical reflection</p> <p>In an era in which lack of ethical thinking and competences contributed to some of the major crises that took place in this relatively young millennium, a course in ethics does not seem to be luxury. Looking at business, government, multilateral Organisations or NGOs, basic knowledge and skills to understand and improve the relationship with society seem to be an important asset nowadays.</p> <p>Ethics should, however, not be confused with morality – and certainly not with the moral norms in our present society. Ethics deals with a fundamental reflection on the norms and values in our society. It is not about telling you what is right or wrong. Since we are living in a global society it means that we are constantly confronted with different norms and values as a result of cultural differences. As the saying goes 'When in Rome, ...', but does that apply to all ethical issues?</p> <p>Focus of the course</p> <p>This course is offered by Prof. Dr. Harry Hummels on behalf of the department of Finance – in association with Accounting and Information Management – of the School of Business and Economics. The affiliation with the Finance department does not entail that the course is solely confined to theory and cases in the financial domain. That is not to say that many crises, whether social, financial, environmental, or political, may not find their origin in financial issues. Take, for instance, the rising food prices. Aren't they partly caused because of financial speculation? Or think of the environmental disaster that Shell and its partners face in the Niger Delta. Doesn't this find its roots in the (re)distribution of the proceeds of the industry in the area. Or what about BP in the Gulf of Mexico where cutting costs was a major element in causing the oil spill? The latter case will be discussed extensively in one of the tutorials.</p>																
Literature	The literature for this course consists of a textbook and academic articles. The book is: Jones, G., Cardinal, D., and Hayward, J., Moral Philosophy, a guide to ethical theory, Hodder Education, London, 2006. The book can be obtained at Studystore Maastricht.																
Prerequisites	In order to participate in this course, all participants should have a basic understanding of the functioning of organisations, management of and co-ordination within organisations, organisational ecology, co-ordination mechanisms in industries – such as, for example, the choice between allocation through planning or through market forces – and of an 'economic order'. An advanced level of English																
Teaching methods	PBL / Presentation / Lecture / Groupwork																
Assessment methods	Final Paper / Participation																
Evaluation in previous academic year	For the complete evaluation of this course please click <a href="http://iwio-sbe.maastrichtuniversity.nl/rapporten.asp?referrer=codeUM">http://iwio-sbe.maastrichtuniversity.nl/rapporten.asp?referrer=codeUM</a>																

This course belongs to the following programme / specialisation

Bachelor International Business - Emerging Markets	Year 3 Elective Course(s)
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Accounting
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Finance
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Inf Mgmt
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Marketing
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Org
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj SCM
Bachelor International Business	Year 3 Ethics Elec(s) - Maj Strategy
SBE Exchange Bachelor	Bachelor Exchange Courses
SBE Exchange Master	Bachelor Exchange Courses
SBE Non Degree Courses	Bachelor Courses